SECARB Black Warrior Coal Test

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Southern Company























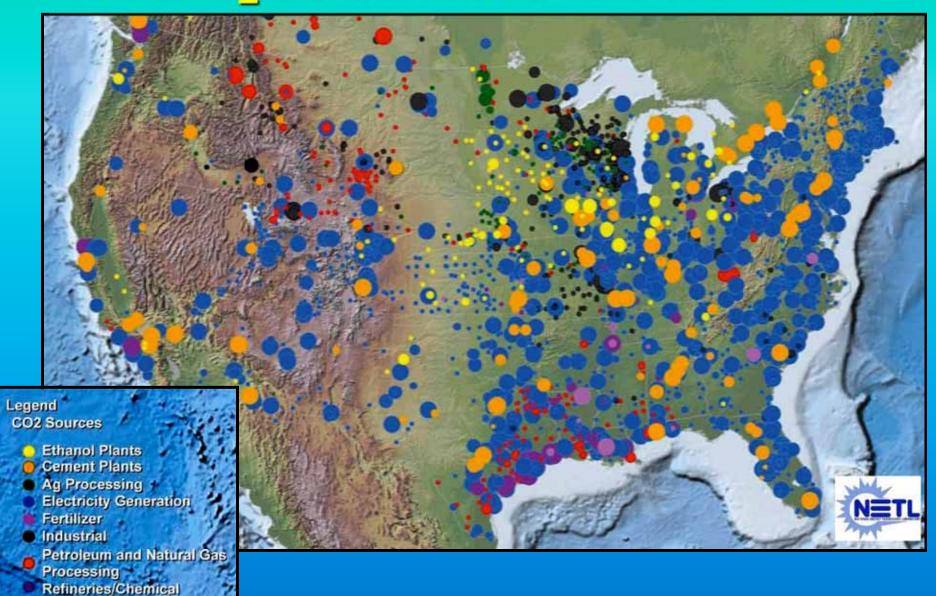
PRINCIPAL SPONSOR

U.S. Department of Energy - NETL

PROGRAM TEAM

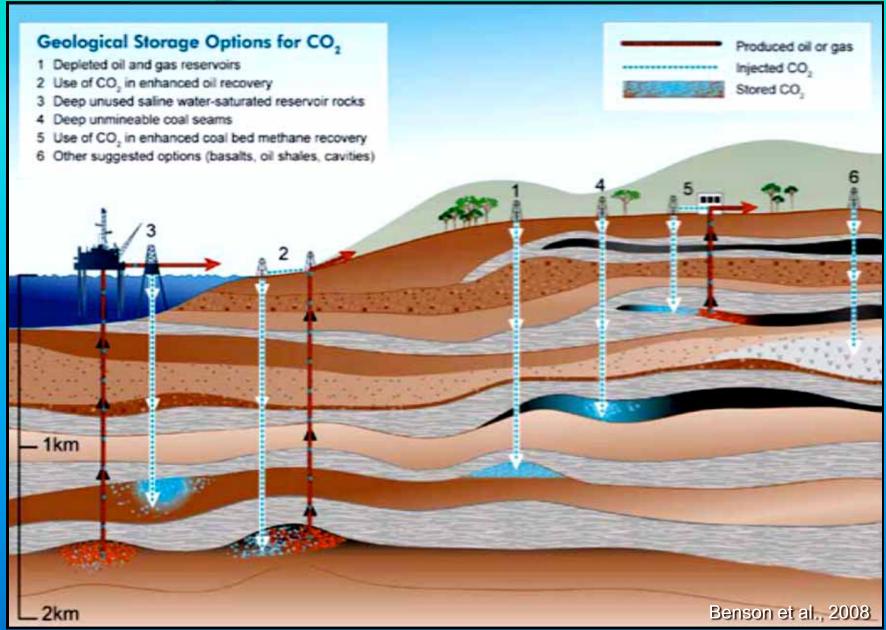
SSEB, Virginia Tech - Administrative Lead
Geol. Survey of AL - Technical Lead, Geology
SCGCS (University of Alabama) - Engineering
Southern Company/EPRI - MMV
Univ. British Columbia - Analytical
Oak Ridge National Laboratory - Analytical
ARI - Reservoir Simulation
Denbury Resources - CO₂
Southern Natural Gas/El Paso - CBM well

US CO2 EMISSION SOURCES

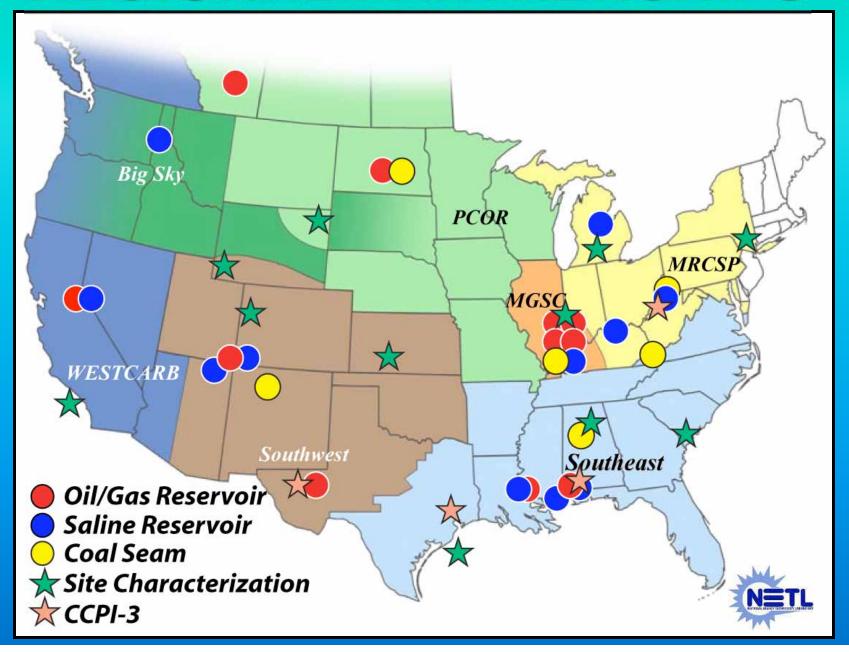


Unclassified

CO₂ STORAGE OPTIONS



REGIONAL PARTNERSHIPS



CO₂ Sequestration

SECARB II Black Warrior and Virginia Coal Tests (DOE, SSEB, VT, SOCO, EPRI, El Paso, CNX, Denbury)

SECARB III Anthropogenic Test, Plant Barry (DOE, SSEB, SOCO,

EPRI, ARI, Denbury)

CO₂ Injection Well, Citronelle

SECARB III Offshore Assessment (DOE, SSEB)

CO₂-EOR, Citronelle Field (DOE, UAB)

Gorgas Site Characterization (DOE, UA, SOCO, SLB)

SECARB-Ed (DOE, SSEB, VT)











WHY COAL?

 CO_2 capacity ~ 173 Gt (49 yr) in US.

 CO_2 -ECBM potential ~ 4.3 Tcm (150 Tcf).

Shallow reservoir (150-1500 m) with low P&T can reduce compression cost

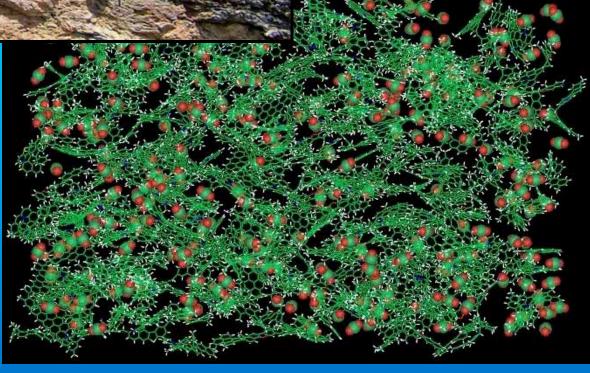
Coal is abundant near major CO₂ emission sources, such as power plants.

Gas is stored in coal securely by adsorption rather than by free storage or solution.



CLEATED

AROMATIC NET



GAS STORAGE

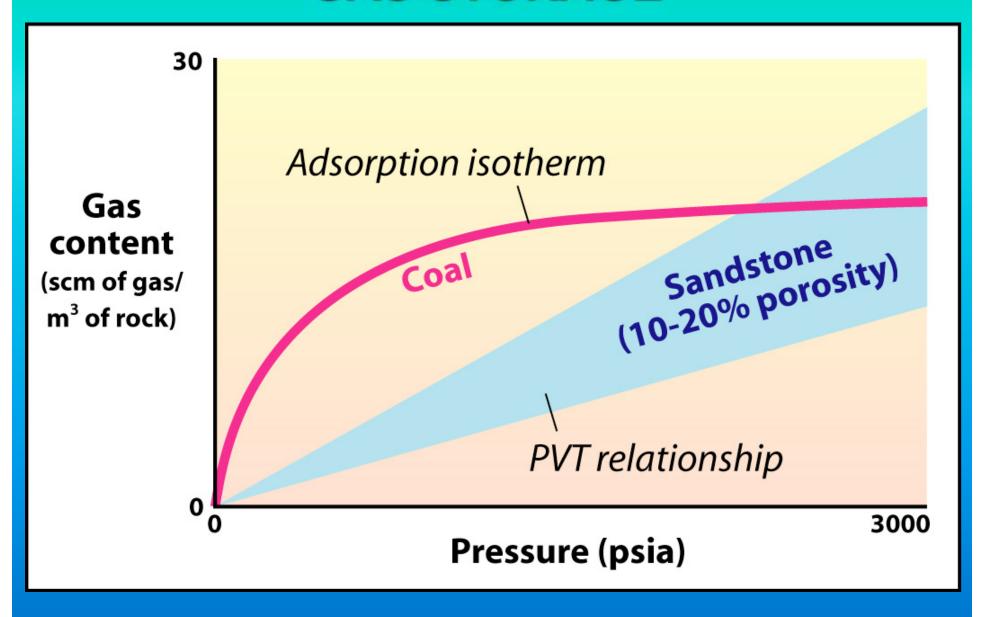
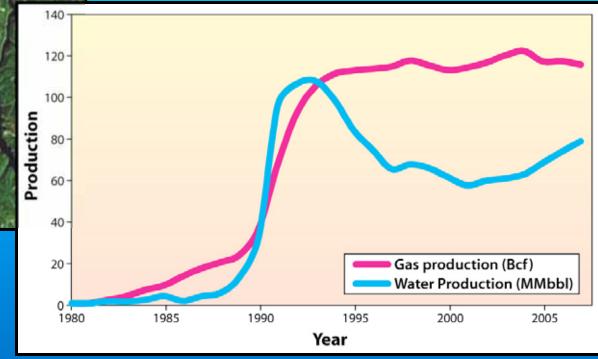




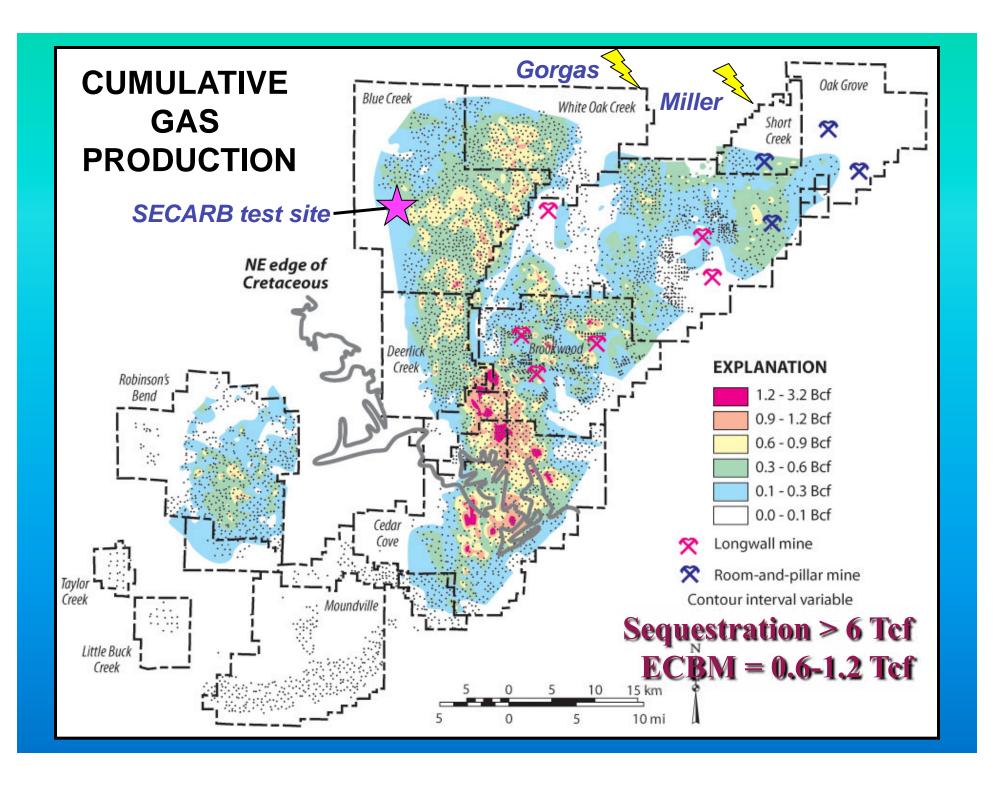
Image © 2005 DigitalGlobe

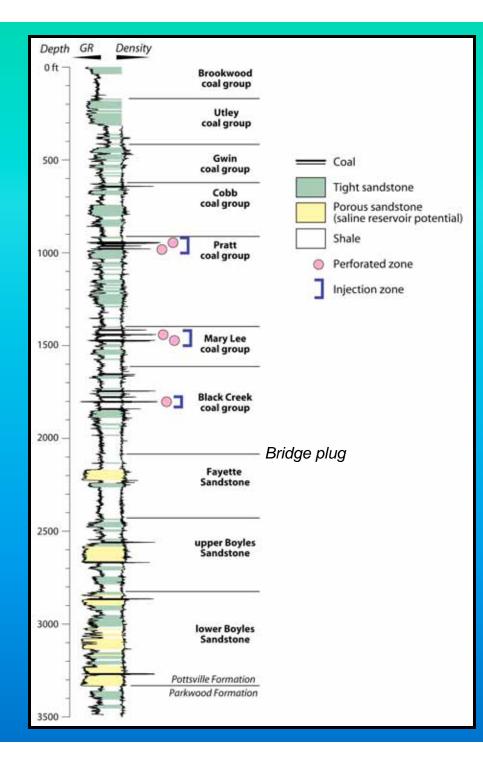
BLACK WARRIOR BASIN

COALBED METHANE









POTTSVILLE STRATIGRAPHY

Well 17-09-122
Permit 12450-C-GI-10-01
Blue Creek Field

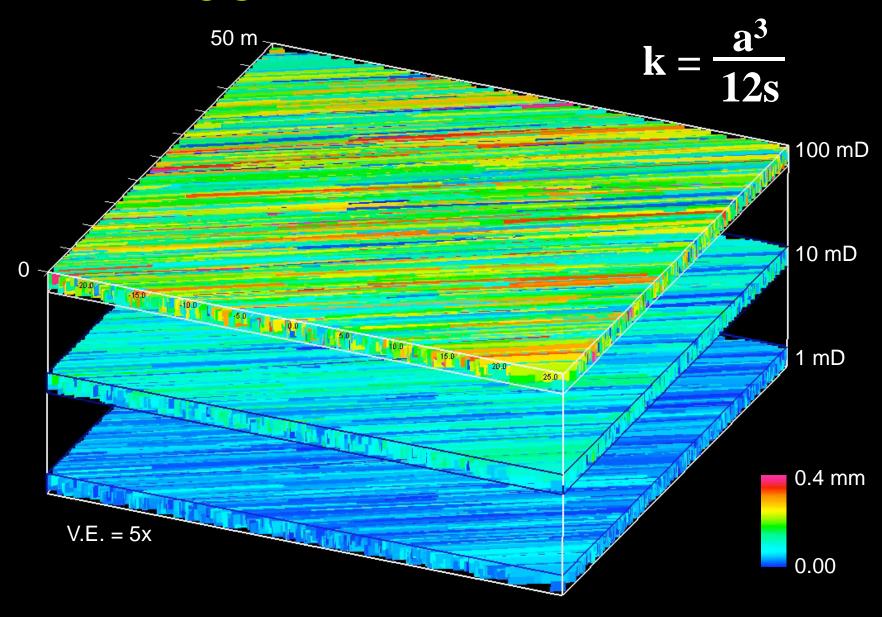




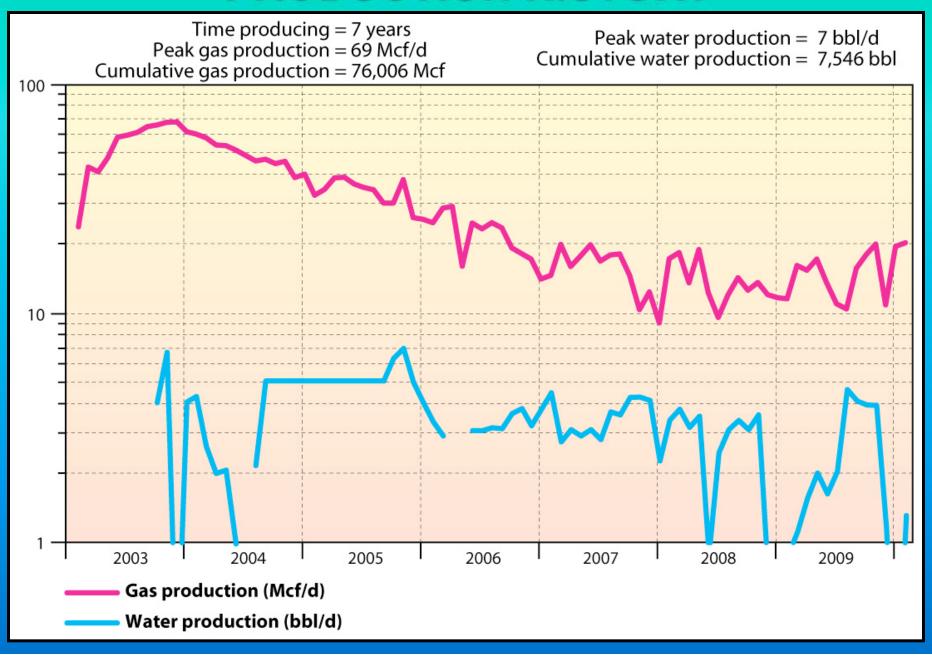




COAL PERMEABILITY



PRODUCTION HISTORY



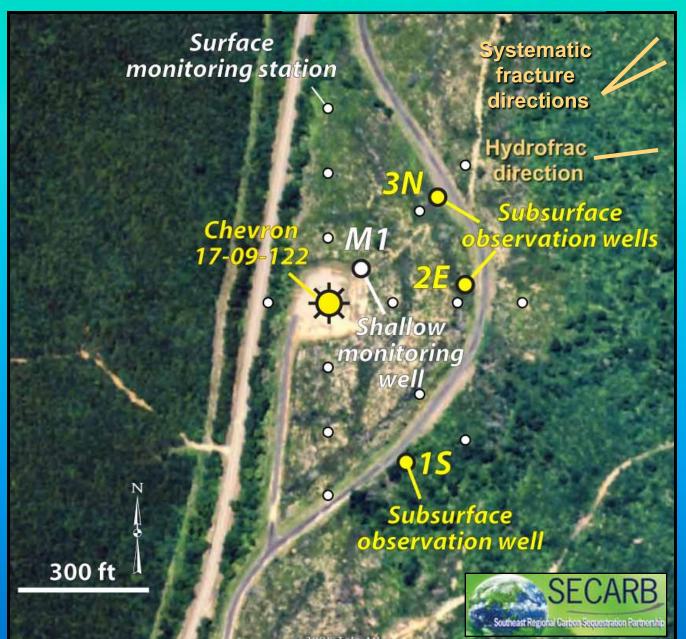
RESERVOIR CHARACTERISTICS

Coal group/bed	Pratt	Mary Lee	Black Creek
Depth (ft)	940	1435	1797
Original pressure (psi) Original pressure gradient (psi/ft)	394 0.42	398 0.28	772 0.43
Hydrofrac Pumping rate (bpm) Fluid Volume (gal)	34.8 12,000	36.3 12,000	20.0 4,000
Fracture gradient (psi/ft)	0.84	0.71	Screenout (0.72)
Max CO ₂ injection pressure (psi) At reservoir depth	752	1005	1258





SITE LAYOUT





SITE DEVELOPMENT





SURFACE MONITORING

Soil Gas Monitoring



Groundwater Monitoring





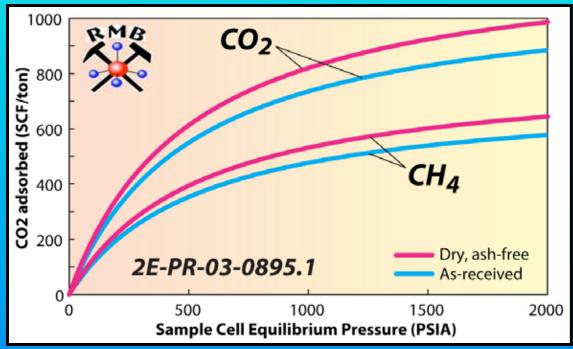


SITE DEVELOPMENT

Coring



Laboratory Analysis

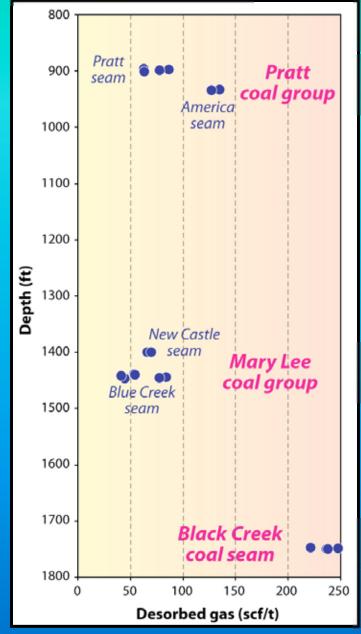




CORE TESTING







76 MMscf produced

84 MMscf

86 MMscf

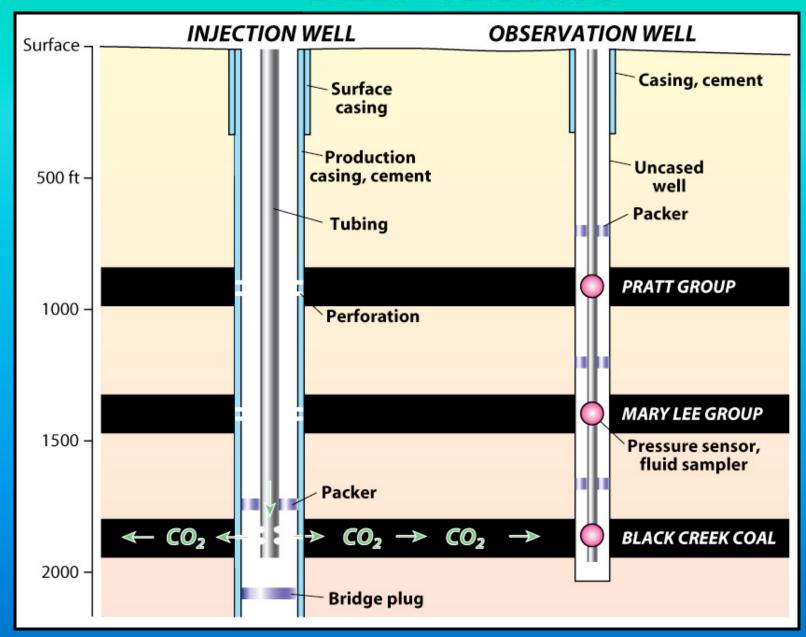
121 MMscf

290 MMscf





DEEP TESTING





PACKERS, PRESSURE CHAMBERS

Inflatable packers



Helium chambers



Packer testing





CAPILLARY TUBING

Coiled tubing

Workover Rig











MONITOR WELLHEAD









DATA COLLECTION

Fluid sampling



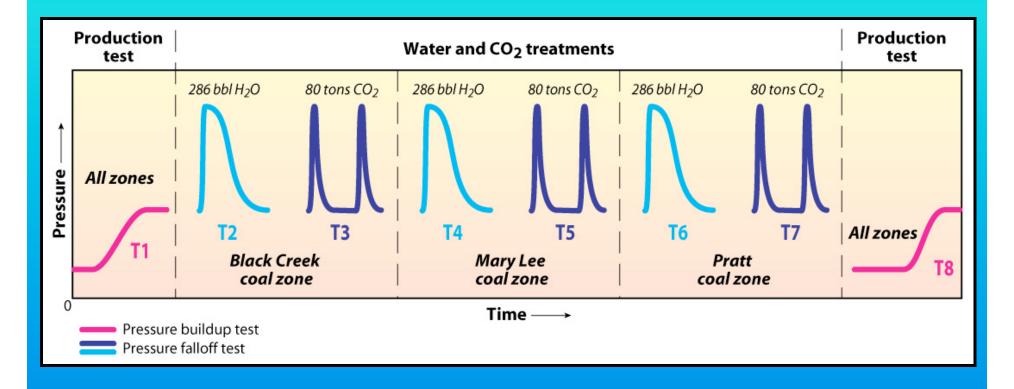








PRODUCTION AND INJECTION TESTS



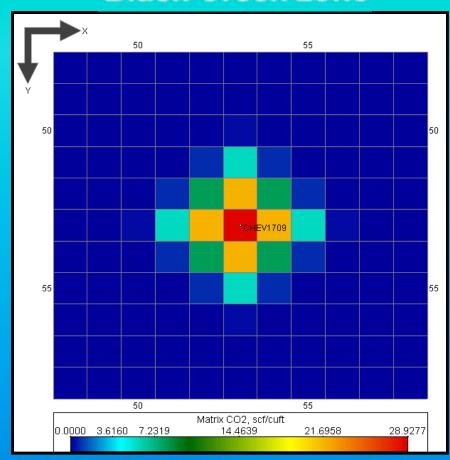


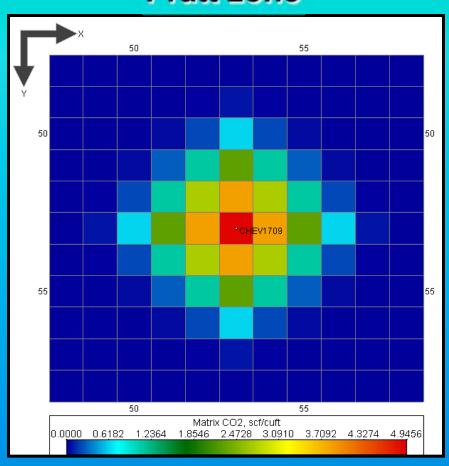


RESERVOIR MODELS

Black Creek zone

Pratt zone



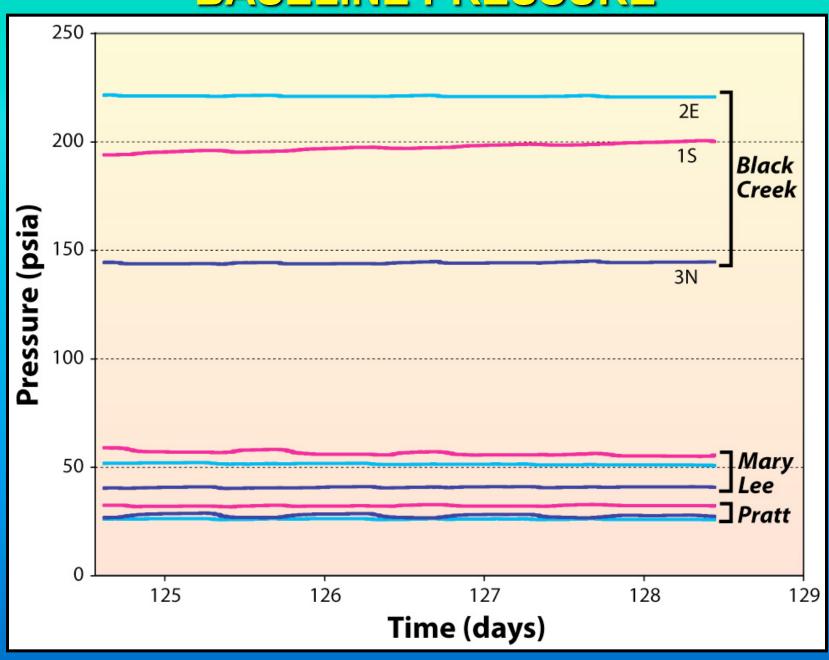


Grid blocks = $10,000 \text{ ft}^2$

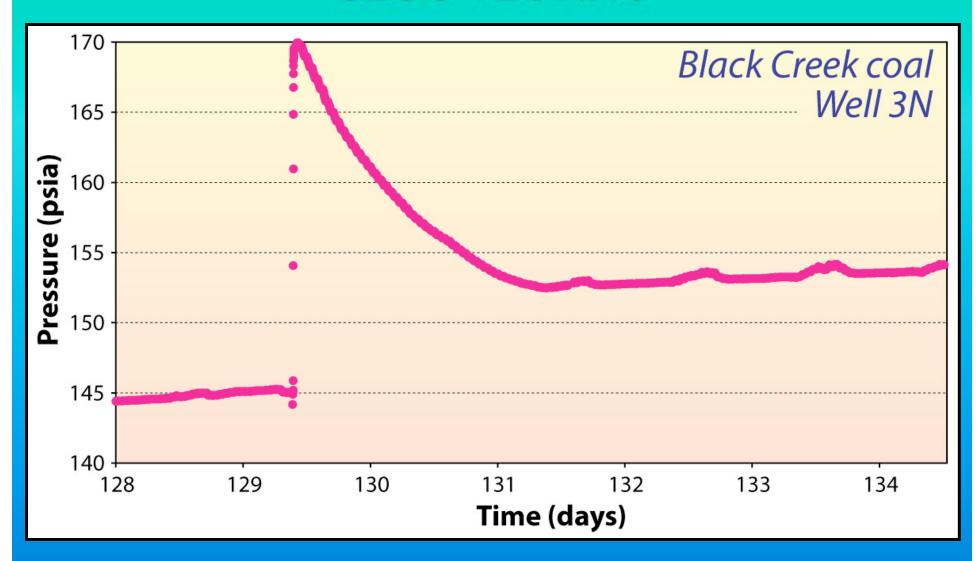




BASELINE PRESSURE



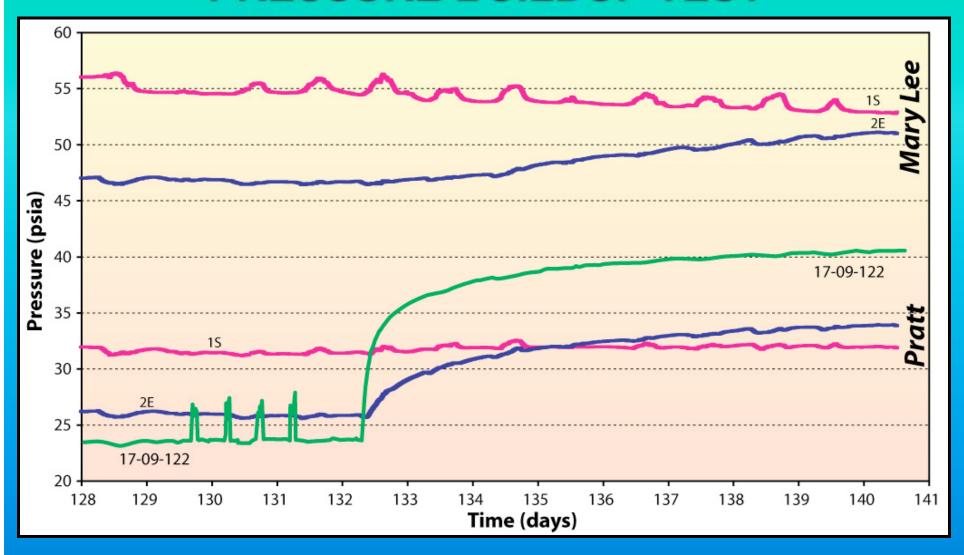
SLUG TESTING







PRESSURE BUILDUP TEST







INJECTION SYSTEM

Compression

Storage



Propane

Heating

Injection

Injection system used at SECARB Plant Daniel and Black Warrior test sites







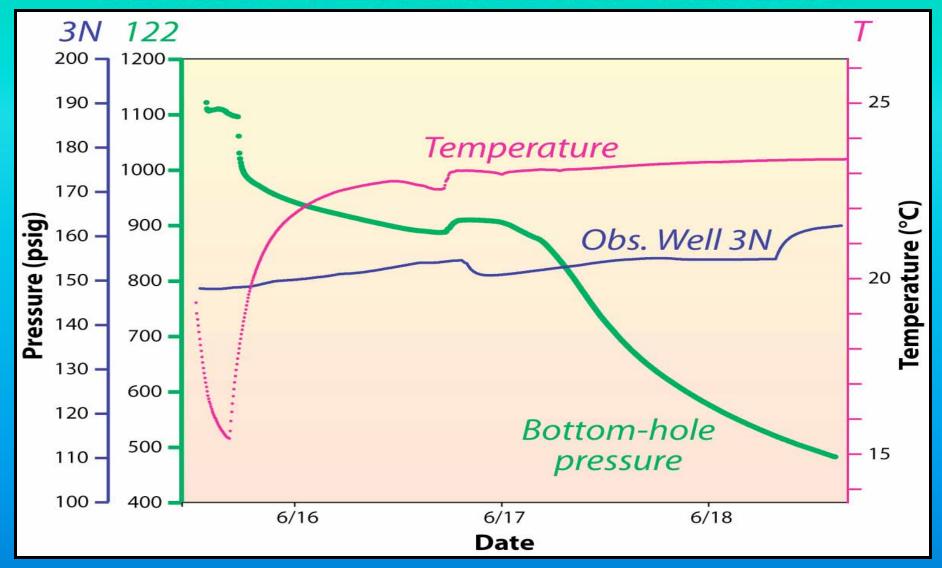
WELLHEAD ASSEMBLY







BLACK CREEK INJECTION RESULTS

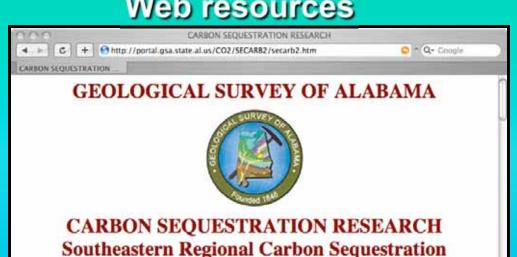








Web resources



A study sponsored by the

Partnership (SECARB Phase II)



U.S. Department of Energy National Energy Technology Laboratory

http://gsa.state.al.us/CO2/CO2.htm Meetings



OUTREACH ACTIVITIES

Publications

